

SENATE BILL No. 322

DIGEST OF SB 322 (Updated February 23, 2017 11:10 am - DI 120)

Citations Affected: IC 10-13; IC 33-37; IC 35-33; IC 35-38.

Synopsis: DNA for felony arrestees. Requires every person arrested for a felony after December 31, 2017, to submit a DNA sample, and specifies that the sample may be obtained only by buccal swab. Provides that the DNA sample may not be shipped for DNA identification unless the arrestee was arrested pursuant to a felony arrest warrant or a court has found probable cause for the felony arrest. Provides for the expungement of a DNA sample taken from a person if: (1) the person is acquitted of all felony charges or the charges are converted to misdemeanors; (2) all felony charges against the person are dismissed; or (3) no felony charges are filed against the person within 365 days. Requires the officer who obtains a DNA sample from a person to inform the person of the right to DNA expungement and to provide the person with a form that may be used for DNA expungement, and permits the use of evidence other than a court order for expungement. Provides that a person who knowingly or intentionally disseminates, receives, or otherwise uses information in the DNA data base for a purpose other than authorized by law commits a Level 6 felony. Increases the DNA sample processing fee from \$2 to \$3. Allocates \$500,000 semiannually to hold harmless all funds and to provide an additional amount to the DNA processing fund. Specifies that the discovery of DNA evidence tending to show previously unknown crimes committed by a person on bail may lead to revocation of bail or an increase in the amount of bail.

Effective: July 1, 2017.

Houchin, Zakas, Merritt, Sandlin, Glick, Freeman

January 9, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. February 16, 2017, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass; reassigned to Committee on Appropriations.

February 23, 2017, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



First Regular Session 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 322

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 10-13-6-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.142-2005,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 8. (a) The superintendent may establish a data
4	base of DNA identification records of:
5	(1) convicted criminals;
6	(2) persons arrested for a felony;
7	(2) (3) crime scene specimens;
8	(3) (4) unidentified missing persons; and
9	(4) (5) close biological relatives of missing persons.
10	(b) The superintendent shall maintain the Indiana DNA data base.
l 1	(c) The superintendent may contract for services to perform DNA
12	analysis of:
13	(1) convicted offenders; and
14	(2) persons arrested for a felony;
15	under section 10 of this chapter to assist federal, state, and local
16	criminal justice and law enforcement agencies in the putative
17	identification, detection, or exclusion of individuals who are subjects



1	of an investigation or prosecution of a sex offense, a violent crime, or
2	another crime in which biological evidence is recovered from the crime
3	scene.
4	(d) The superintendent:
5	(1) may perform or contract for performance of testing, typing, or
6	analysis of a DNA sample collected from a person described in
7	section 10 of this chapter at any time; and
8	(2) shall perform or contract for the performance of testing
9	typing, or analysis of a DNA sample collected from a person
10	described in section 10 of this chapter if federal funds become
11	available for the performance of DNA testing, typing, or analysis
12	(e) The superintendent shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary
13	to administer and enforce the provisions and intent of this chapter.
14	(f) The detention, arrest, or conviction of a person based on a data
15	base match or data base information is not invalidated if a court
16	determines that the DNA sample was obtained or placed in the Indiana
17	DNA data base by mistake.
18	SECTION 2. IC 10-13-6-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006
19	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. (a) This section applies to the following:
21	(1) A person arrested for a felony after December 31, 2017.
22	(1) (2) A person convicted of a felony under IC 35-42 (offenses
23	against the person) or IC 35-43-2-1 (burglary):
24	(A) after June 30, 1996, whether or not the person is sentenced
25	to a term of imprisonment; or
26	(B) before July 1, 1996, if the person is held in jail or prison
27	on or after July 1, 1996.
28	(2) (3) A person convicted of a criminal law in effect before
29	October 1, 1977, that penalized an act substantially similar to a
30	felony described in IC 35-42 or IC 35-43-2-1 or that would have
31	been an included offense of a felony described in IC 35-42 or
32	IC 35-43-2-1 if the felony had been in effect:
33	(A) after June 30, 1998, whether or not the person is sentenced
34	to a term of imprisonment; or
35	(B) before July 1, 1998, if the person is held in jail or prison
36	on or after July 1, 1998.
37	(3) (4) A person convicted of a felony, conspiracy to commit a
38	felony, or attempt to commit a felony:
39	(A) after June 30, 2005, whether or not the person is sentenced
40	to a term of imprisonment; or
41	(B) before July 1, 2005, if the person is held in jail or prison
12	on or ofter July 1, 2005



1	(b) A person described in subsection (a) shall provide a DNA
2	sample to the:
3	(1) department of correction or the designee of the department of
4	correction if the offender is committed to the department of
5	correction;
6	(2) county sheriff or the designee of the county sheriff if the
7	offender is held in a county jail or other county penal facility,
8	placed in a community corrections program (as defined in
9	IC 35-38-2.6-2), or placed on probation, or released on bond;
10	(3) agency that supervises the person, or the agency's designee, if
11	the person is on conditional release in accordance with
12	IC 35-38-1-27; or
13	(4) sheriff, in the case of a person arrested for a felony.
14	A DNA sample provided under subdivision (4) may be obtained
15	only by buccal swab. A person is not required to submit a blood
16	sample if doing so would present a substantial and an unreasonable risk
17	to the person's health.
18	(c) The detention, arrest, or conviction of a person based on a data
19	base match or data base information is not invalidated if a court
20	determines that the DNA sample was obtained or placed in the Indiana
21	DNA data base by mistake.
22	(d) The officer, employee, or designee who obtains a DNA
23	sample from a person under this section shall:
24	(1) inform the person of the person's right to DNA
25	expungement under section 18 of this chapter; and
26	(2) provide the person with a form that may be used for DNA
27	expungement.
28	(e) This subsection applies only to a DNA sample provided by a
29	person arrested for a felony. A person described in subsection
30	(b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), or (b)(4) may not ship a DNA sample collected
31	from a felony arrestee for DNA identification testing unless:
32	(1) the arrestee was arrested pursuant to a felony arrest
33	warrant; or
34	(2) a court has found probable cause for the felony arrest.
35	SECTION 3. IC 10-13-6-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 18. (a) A person whose
37	DNA profile has been included in the Indiana DNA data base may
38	request expungement of the profile from the DNA data base on the
39	grounds that:
40	(1) the conviction on which the authority for inclusion in the
41	Indiana DNA data base was founded has been reversed and the



case has been dismissed; or

1	(2) the person's DNA profile has been included in the Indiana
2	DNA data base on the basis of the person's arrest for one (1)
3	or more felonies, and:
4	(A) the person was acquitted of all the felony charges, or
5	all of the felonies were converted to misdemeanors under
6	IC 35-38-1-1.5 or IC 35-50-2-7;
7	(B) all felony charges against the person were dismissed; or
8	(C) three hundred sixty-five (365) days have elapsed since
9	the person's arrest and no felony charges have been filed
10	against the person.
11	(b) All identifiable information in the Indiana DNA data base
12	pertaining to a person requesting expungement under subsection (a)
13	shall be expunged, and all samples from the person shall be destroyed,
14	upon receipt of:
15	(1) a written request for letter or form requesting expungement
16	under subsection (a);
17	(2) a certified copy of the a court order reversing and dismissing
18	the conviction; or other evidence sufficient to establish or
19	permit the superintendent to establish that the conditions
20	described in subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) have been satisfied; and
21	(3) any other information necessary to ascertain the validity of the
22	request.
23	(c) Upon expungement of a person's DNA profile from the Indiana
24	DNA data base, the superintendent shall request expungement of the
25	person's DNA profile from the national DNA data base.
26	SECTION 4. IC 10-13-6-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 19. (a) The DNA data
28	base is confidential. Access to the Indiana DNA data base is limited
29	to federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies through their
30	servicing forensic DNA laboratories.
31	(b) The superintendent shall take appropriate measures to ensure
32	that the Indiana DNA data base is protected against unauthorized
33	access.
34	SECTION 5. IC 10-13-6-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 22. A person who
36	knowingly or intentionally disseminates, receives, or otherwise uses or
37	attempts to use information in the Indiana DNA data base or DNA
38	samples used in DNA analyses, knowing that such dissemination,
39	receipt, or use is for a purpose other than authorized by law, commits
40	a Class A misdemeanor. Level 6 felony.
41	SECTION 6. IC 33-37-5-26.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2006,

SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 26.2. In each action in which a person is:
2	(1) convicted of an offense;
3	(2) required to pay a pretrial diversion fee;
4	(3) found to have committed an infraction; or
5	(4) found to have violated an ordinance;
6	the clerk shall collect a DNA sample processing fee of two three
7	dollars (\$2). (\$3).
8	SECTION 7. IC 33-37-7-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.229-2011,
9	SECTION 262, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
10	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 9. (a) On June 30 and on December
11	31 of each year, the auditor of state shall transfer to the treasurer of
12	state nine million two hundred seventy-seven thousand twenty-three
13	dollars (\$9,277,023) four hundred ninety-two thousand
14	twenty-three dollars (\$9,492,023) for distribution under subsection
15	(b).
16	(b) On June 30 and on December 31 of each year, the treasurer of
17	state shall deposit into:
18	(1) the family violence and victim assistance fund established by
19	IC 5-2-6.8-3 an amount equal to eight and three-hundredths
20	percent (8.03%); seven and eighty-five hundredths percent
21	(7.85%);
22	(2) the Indiana judges' retirement fund established by
23	IC 33-38-6-12 an amount equal to thirty-eight and fifty-five
24	hundredths percent (38.55%); thirty-seven and sixty-eight
25	hundredths percent (37.68%);
26	(3) the law enforcement academy building fund established by
27	IC 5-2-1-13 an amount equal to two and fifty-six hundredths
28	percent (2.56%); fifty-one hundredths percent (2.51%);
29	(4) the law enforcement training fund established by IC 5-2-1-13
30	an amount equal to ten and twenty-seven hundredths percent
31	$\frac{(10.27\%)}{(10.27\%)}$; four hundredths percent (10.04%);
32	(5) the violent crime victims compensation fund established by
33	IC 5-2-6.1-40 an amount equal to eleven and ninety-three
34	hundredths percent (11.93%); sixty-six hundredths percent
35	(11.66%);
36	(6) the motor vehicle highway account an amount equal to
37	nineteen and forty-nine hundredths percent (19.49%); five
38	hundredths percent (19.05%);
39	(7) the fish and wildlife fund established by IC 14-22-3-2 and
40	amount equal to twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%);
41	(8) the Indiana judicial center drug and alcohol programs fund
12	established by IC 12-23-14-17 for the administration



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1	certification, and support of alcohol and drug services programs
2	under IC 12-23-14 an amount equal to one and sixty-three
3	hundredths percent (1.63%); six-tenths percent (1.6%); and
4	(9) the DNA sample processing fund established under
5	IC 10-13-6-9.5 for the funding of the collection, shipment,
6	analysis, and preservation of DNA samples and the conduct of a
7	DNA data base program under IC 10-13-6 an amount equal to
8	seven and twenty-nine hundredths percent (7.29%); nine and
9	thirty-six hundredths percent (9.36%);
10	of the amount transferred by the auditor of state under subsection (a).
11	(c) On June 30 and on December 31 of each year, the auditor of
12	state shall transfer to the treasurer of state for deposit into the public
13	defense fund established under IC 33-40-6-1 three million seven
14	hundred thousand dollars (\$3,700,000).
15	SECTION 8. IC 35-33-8-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. (a) Upon a showing
17	of good cause, the state or the defendant may be granted an alteration

of good cause, the state or the defendant may be granted an alteration or revocation of bail by application to the court before which the proceeding is pending. In reviewing a motion for alteration or revocation of bail, credible hearsay evidence is admissible to establish good cause.

- (b) When the state presents additional:
 - (1) evidence relevant to a high risk of nonappearance, based on the factors set forth in section 4(b) of this chapter; or
 - (2) clear and convincing evidence:
 - (A) of the factors described in IC 35-40-6-6(1)(A) and IC 35-40-6-6(1)(B); or
 - (B) that the defendant otherwise poses a risk to the physical safety of another person or the community;

the court may increase bail. If the additional evidence presented by the state is DNA evidence tending to show that the defendant committed additional crimes that were not considered at the time the defendant was admitted to bail, the court may increase or

(c) When the defendant presents additional evidence of substantial mitigating factors, based on the factors set forth in section 4(b) of this chapter, which reasonably suggests that the defendant recognizes the court's authority to bring the defendant to trial, the court may reduce bail. However, the court may not reduce bail if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the factors described in IC 35-40-6-6(1)(A) and IC 35-40-6-6(1)(B) exist or that the defendant otherwise poses a risk to the physical safety of another person or the



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1	community.
2	(d) The court may revoke bail or an order for release on personal
3	recognizance upon clear and convincing proof by the state that:
4	(1) while admitted to bail the defendant:
5	(A) or the defendant's agent threatened or intimidated a victim,
6	prospective witnesses, or jurors concerning the pending
7	criminal proceeding or any other matter;
8	(B) or the defendant's agent attempted to conceal or destroy
9	evidence relating to the pending criminal proceeding;
10	(C) violated any condition of the defendant's current release
11	order;
12	(D) failed to appear before the court as ordered at any critical
13	stage of the proceedings; or
14	(E) committed a felony or a Class A misdemeanor that
15	demonstrates instability and a disdain for the court's authority
16	to bring the defendant to trial;
17	(2) the factors described in IC 35-40-6-6(1)(A) and
18	IC 35-40-6-6(1)(B) exist or that the defendant otherwise poses a
19	risk to the physical safety of another person or the community; or
20	(3) a combination of the factors described in subdivisions (1) and
21	(2) exists.
22	SECTION 9. IC 35-38-1-27, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2006,
23	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 27. (a) If a court imposes a sentence that does not
24 25	involve a commitment to the department of correction, the court shall
26	require a person:
27	(1) convicted of an offense who is described in IC 10-13-6-10;
28	IC 10-13-6-10(a); and
29	(2) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in accordance
30	with IC 10-13-6;
31	to provide a DNA sample as a condition of the sentence.
32	(b) If a person described in subsection (a) is confined at the time of
33	sentencing, the court shall order the person to provide a DNA sample
34	immediately after sentencing.
35	(c) If a person described in subsection (a) is not confined at the time
36	of sentencing, the agency supervising the person after sentencing shall
37	establish the date, time, and location for the person to provide a DNA
38	sample. However, the supervising agency must require that the DNA
39	sample be provided not more than seven (7) days after sentencing. A
10	supervising agency's failure to obtain a DNA sample not more than
1 1	seven (7) days after sentencing does not permit a person required to
12	provide a DNA sample to challenge the requirement that the person



1	provide a DNA sample at a later date.
2	(d) A person's failure to provide a DNA sample is grounds for
3	revocation of the person's probation, community corrections placement,
4	or other conditional release.
5	SECTION 10. IC 35-38-2-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2015,
6	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2.3. (a) As a condition of probation, the court may
8	require a person to do a combination of the following:
9	(1) Work faithfully at suitable employment or faithfully pursue a
10	course of study or career and technical education that will equip
11	the person for suitable employment.
12	(2) Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment and
13	remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose.
14	(3) Attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction,
15	recreation, or residence of persons on probation.
16	(4) Participate in a treatment program, educational class, or
17	rehabilitative service provided by a probation department or by
18	referral to an agency.
19	(5) Support the person's dependents and meet other family
20	responsibilities.
21	(6) Make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for
22	damage or injury that was sustained by the victim. When
23	restitution or reparation is a condition of probation, the court shall
24	fix the amount, which may not exceed an amount the person can
25	or will be able to pay, and shall fix the manner of performance.
26	(7) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
27	governmental entity to repay the full amount of public relief or
28	assistance wrongfully received, and make repayments according
29	to a repayment schedule set out in the agreement.
30	(8) Pay a fine authorized by IC 35-50.
31	(9) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other deadly weapon
32	unless granted written permission by the court or the person's
33	probation officer.
34	(10) Report to a probation officer at reasonable times as directed
35	by the court or the probation officer.
36	(11) Permit the person's probation officer to visit the person at
37	reasonable times at the person's home or elsewhere.
38	(12) Remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless granted
39	permission to leave by the court or by the person's probation
40	officer.
41	(13) Answer all reasonable inquiries by the court or the person's
42	probation officer and promptly notify the court or probation



1	officer of any change in address or employment.
2	(14) Perform uncompensated work that benefits the community.
3	(15) Satisfy other conditions reasonably related to the person's
4	rehabilitation.
5	(16) Undergo home detention under IC 35-38-2.5.
6	(17) Undergo a laboratory test or series of tests approved by the
7	state department of health to detect and confirm the presence of
8	the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen or antibodies
9	to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), if:
10	(A) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
11	criminal sexual act and the offense created an
12	epidemiologically demonstrated risk of transmission of the
13	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); or
14	(B) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
15	controlled substance and the offense involved:
16	(i) the delivery by any person to another person; or
17	(ii) the use by any person on another person;
18	of a contaminated sharp (as defined in IC 16-41-16-2) or other
19	paraphernalia that creates an epidemiologically demonstrated
20	risk of transmission of HIV by involving percutaneous contact.
21	(18) Refrain from any direct or indirect contact with an individual
22	and, if convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3, any animal
23 24 25	belonging to the individual.
24	(19) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
	governmental entity or with a person for reasonable costs incurred
26	because of the taking, detention, or return of a missing child (as
27	defined in IC 10-13-5-4).
28	(20) Periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined
29	in IC 9-13-2-22) or series of chemical tests as specified by the
30	court to detect and confirm the presence of a controlled substance
31	(as defined in IC 35-48-1-9). The person on probation is
32	responsible for any charges resulting from a test and shall have
33	the results of any test under this subdivision reported to the
34	person's probation officer by the laboratory.
35	(21) If the person was confined in a penal facility, execute a
36	reimbursement plan as directed by the court and make repayments
37	under the plan to the authority that operates the penal facility for
38	all or part of the costs of the person's confinement in the penal
39	facility. The court shall fix an amount that:
40	(A) may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able
41	to pay;
42	(B) does not harm the person's ability to reasonably be self



1	supporting or to reasonably support any dependent of the
2	person; and
3	(C) takes into consideration and gives priority to any other
4	restitution, reparation, repayment, or fine the person is
5	required to pay under this section.
6	(22) Refrain from owning, harboring, or training an animal.
7	(23) Participate in a reentry court program.
8	(24) Receive:
9	(A) addiction counseling;
10	(B) mental health counseling;
11	(C) inpatient detoxification; and
12	(D) medication assisted treatment, including a federal Food
13	and Drug Administration approved long acting, nonaddictive
14	medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
15	(b) When a person is placed on probation, the person shall be given
16	a written statement specifying:
17	(1) the conditions of probation; and
18	(2) that if the person violates a condition of probation during the
19	probationary period, a petition to revoke probation may be filed
20	before the earlier of the following:
21	(A) One (1) year after the termination of probation.
22	(B) Forty-five (45) days after the state receives notice of the
23	violation.
21 22 23 24 25 26	(c) As a condition of probation, the court may require that the
25	person serve a term of imprisonment in an appropriate facility at the
26	time or intervals (consecutive or intermittent) within the period of
27	probation the court determines.
28	(d) Intermittent service may be required only for a term of not more
29	than sixty (60) days and must be served in the county or local penal
30	facility. The intermittent term is computed on the basis of the actual
31	days spent in confinement and shall be completed within one (1) year.
32	A person does not earn good time credit while serving an intermittent
33	term of imprisonment under this subsection. When the court orders
34	intermittent service, the court shall state:
35	(1) the term of imprisonment;
36	(2) the days or parts of days during which a person is to be
37	confined; and
38	(3) the conditions.
39	(e) Supervision of a person may be transferred from the court that
40	placed the person on probation to a court of another jurisdiction, with
41	the concurrence of both courts. Retransfers of supervision may occur
42	in the same manner. This subsection does not apply to transfers made



1	under IC 11-13-4 or IC 11-13-5.
2	(f) When a court imposes a condition of probation described in
3	subsection (a)(18):
4	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
5	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
6	prescribed or approved by the division of state court
7	administration with the clerk.
8	(g) As a condition of probation, a court shall require a person:
9	(1) convicted of an offense who is described in IC 10-13-6-10;
10	IC 10-13-6-10(a);
11	(2) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in accordance
12	with IC 10-13-6; and
13	(3) whose sentence does not involve a commitment to the
14	department of correction;
15	to provide a DNA sample as a condition of probation.
16	(h) If a court imposes a condition of probation described in
17	subsection (a)(4), the person on probation is responsible for any costs
18	resulting from the participation in a program, class, or service. Any
19	costs collected for services provided by the probation department shall
20	be deposited in the county or local supplemental adult services fund.
21	SECTION 11. IC 35-38-2.5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.126-2012,
22	SECTION 52, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 6. An order for home detention of an offender
24	under section 5 of this chapter must include the following:
25	(1) A requirement that the offender be confined to the offender's
26	home at all times except when the offender is:
27	(A) working at employment approved by the court or traveling
28	to or from approved employment;
29	(B) unemployed and seeking employment approved for the
30	offender by the court;
31	(C) undergoing medical, psychiatric, mental health treatment,
32	counseling, or other treatment programs approved for the
33	offender by the court;
34	(D) attending an educational institution or a program approved
35	for the offender by the court;
36	(E) attending a regularly scheduled religious service at a place
37	of worship; or
38	(F) participating in a community work release or community
39	restitution or service program approved for the offender by the
40	court.
41	(2) Notice to the offender that violation of the order for home
42	detention may subject the offender to prosecution for the crime of



1	2000 and 10 25 44 1 2 4
1	escape under IC 35-44.1-3-4.
2	(3) A requirement that the offender abide by a schedule prepared
3	by the probation department, or by a community corrections
4	program ordered to provide supervision of the offender's home
5	detention, specifically setting forth the times when the offender
6	may be absent from the offender's home and the locations the
7	offender is allowed to be during the scheduled absences.
8	(4) A requirement that the offender is not to commit another
9	crime during the period of home detention ordered by the court
10	(5) A requirement that the offender obtain approval from the
11	probation department or from a community corrections program
12	ordered to provide supervision of the offender's home detention
13	before the offender changes residence or the schedule described
14	in subdivision (3).
15	(6) A requirement that the offender maintain:
16	(A) a working telephone in the offender's home; and
17	(B) if ordered by the court, a monitoring device in the
18	offender's home or on the offender's person, or both.
19	(7) A requirement that the offender pay a home detention fee se
20	by the court in addition to the probation user's fee required under
21	IC 35-38-2-1 or IC 31-40. However, the fee set under this
22	subdivision may not exceed the maximum fee specified by the
23	department of correction under IC 11-12-2-12.
24	(8) A requirement that the offender abide by other conditions of
25	probation set by the court under IC 35-38-2-2.3.
26	(9) A requirement that an offender:
27	(A) who is convicted of an offense described in IC 10-13-6-10
28	IC 10-13-6-10(a);
29	(B) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in
30	accordance with IC 10-13-6; and
31	(C) whose sentence does not involve a commitment to the
32	department of correction;
33	provide a DNA sample.
34	SECTION 12. IC 35-38-2.6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2015
35	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3. (a) The court may, at the time of sentencing
37	suspend the sentence and order a person to be placed in a community
38	corrections program as an alternative to commitment to the departmen
39	of correction. The court may impose reasonable terms on the placemen
40	or require the director of the community corrections program to impose
41	reasonable terms on the placement. A court shall require a person:

(1) convicted of an offense who is described in IC 10-13-6-10;



1	IC 10-13-6-10(a);
2	(2) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in accordance
3	with IC 10-13-6; and
4	(3) whose sentence does not involve a commitment to the
5	department of correction;
6	to provide a DNA sample as a term of placement.
7	(b) Placement in a community corrections program under this
8	chapter is subject to the availability of residential beds or home
9	detention units in a community corrections program.
0	(c) A person placed under this chapter is responsible for the person's
1	own medical care while in the placement program.
12	(d) Placement under this chapter is subject to the community
13	corrections program receiving a written presentence report or
14	memorandum from a county probation agency.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 322, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 2, line 21, delete "June 30, 2017." and insert "**December 31, 2017.**".

Page 3, line 38, after "and" insert ": (A)".

Page 3, line 39, delete "." and insert ", or all of the felonies were converted to misdemeanors under IC 35-38-1-1.5 or IC 35-50-2-7;

- (B) all felony charges against the person were dismissed; or (C) three hundred sixty-five (365) days have elapsed since
- (C) three hundred sixty-five (365) days have elapsed since the person's arrest and no felony charges have been filed against the person.".

Page 4, line 6, delete ":" and insert "the conditions described in subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) have been satisfied;".

Page 4, delete lines 7 through 10.

Page 4, line 11, delete "described in subsection (a)(2);".

and when so amended that said bill do pass and be reassigned to the Senate Committee on Appropriations.

(Reference is to SB 322 as introduced.)

BRAY, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 1.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Appropriations, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 322, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 3, between lines 27 and 28, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(e) This subsection applies only to a DNA sample provided by a person arrested for a felony. A person described in subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), or (b)(4) may not ship a DNA sample collected from a felony arrestee for DNA identification testing unless:
 - (1) the arrestee was arrested pursuant to a felony arrest warrant; or



(2) a court has found probable cause for the felony arrest.".

Page 4, between lines 26 and 27, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 5. IC 10-13-6-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 22. A person who knowingly or intentionally disseminates, receives, or otherwise uses or attempts to use information in the Indiana DNA data base or DNA samples used in DNA analyses, knowing that such dissemination, receipt, or use is for a purpose other than authorized by law, commits a Class A misdemeanor. Level 6 felony.".

Page 4, line 34, delete "four" and insert "three".

Page 4, line 35, delete "(\$4)." and insert "(\$3).".

Page 4, delete lines 36 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. IC 33-37-7-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.229-2011, SECTION 262, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 9. (a) On June 30 and on December 31 of each year, the auditor of state shall transfer to the treasurer of state nine million two hundred seventy-seven thousand twenty-three dollars (\$9,277,023) four hundred ninety-two thousand twenty-three dollars (\$9,492,023) for distribution under subsection (b).

- (b) On June 30 and on December 31 of each year, the treasurer of state shall deposit into:
 - (1) the family violence and victim assistance fund established by IC 5-2-6.8-3 an amount equal to eight and three-hundredths percent (8.03%); seven and eighty-five hundredths percent (7.85%);
 - (2) the Indiana judges' retirement fund established by IC 33-38-6-12 an amount equal to thirty-eight and fifty-five hundredths percent (38.55%); thirty-seven and sixty-eight hundredths percent (37.68%);
 - (3) the law enforcement academy building fund established by IC 5-2-1-13 an amount equal to two and fifty-six hundredths percent (2.56%); fifty-one hundredths percent (2.51%);
 - (4) the law enforcement training fund established by IC 5-2-1-13 an amount equal to ten and twenty-seven hundredths percent (10.27%); four hundredths percent (10.04%);
 - (5) the violent crime victims compensation fund established by IC 5-2-6.1-40 an amount equal to eleven and ninety-three hundredths percent (11.93%); sixty-six hundredths percent (11.66%);
 - (6) the motor vehicle highway account an amount equal to



nineteen and forty-nine hundredths percent (19.49%); five hundredths percent (19.05%);

- (7) the fish and wildlife fund established by IC 14-22-3-2 an amount equal to twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%);
- (8) the Indiana judicial center drug and alcohol programs fund established by IC 12-23-14-17 for the administration, certification, and support of alcohol and drug services programs under IC 12-23-14 an amount equal to one and sixty-three hundredths percent (1.63%); six-tenths percent (1.6%); and
- (9) the DNA sample processing fund established under IC 10-13-6-9.5 for the funding of the collection, shipment, analysis, and preservation of DNA samples and the conduct of a DNA data base program under IC 10-13-6 an amount equal to seven and twenty-nine hundredths percent (7.29%); nine and thirty-six hundredths percent (9.36%);

of the amount transferred by the auditor of state under subsection (a).

(c) On June 30 and on December 31 of each year, the auditor of state shall transfer to the treasurer of state for deposit into the public defense fund established under IC 33-40-6-1 three million seven hundred thousand dollars (\$3,700,000)."

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 40.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 322 as printed February 17, 2017.)

KENLEY, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 13, Nays 0.

